

BEER IS THE
NATIONAL BEVERAGE.

MANN
CROSSMAN'S

Retains the nutritive
qualities of malt.

The People

A Weekly Newspaper for All Classes.

SUNDAY
EDITION.

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EDITION.

No. 1,939.—[REGISTERED AT THE
G.P.O. AS A NEWSPAPER.]

LONDON, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1918.

THREE HALFPENCE

COLOGNE OCCUPIED BY BRITISH TROOPS.

GREAT RHINE CITY REACHED.

Cologne Entered by British
Troops on Friday.

AMERICANS REPORTED IN MAYENCE.

British troops entered Cologne at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, says a Central News telegram.

The Exchange Telegraph Company's Copenhagen correspondent says that British troops entered the city at 11 and 1 o'clock Friday forenoon, and were accompanied by automobiles and cavalry.

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent reports that advices from Cologne received via Berlin state that the plundering of food and clothing establishments is of almost daily occurrence both in Cologne itself and its environs, but that these excesses have assumed the magnitude represented by some of the reports is incorrect.

The Americans are reported to be in Mayence, so that the Allies are gradually approaching the points at which their advance must cease.

LINE OF OCCUPATION.

Territories to be Held by the Allies.

It will be remembered that according to the terms of the armistice the German armies are to evacuate Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, and Luxembourg within 14 days. Subsequently they are to evacuate the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. The occupation of these territories is to be carried out by Allied and United States garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine (Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne), together with bridgeheads at these points of a 30-kilometre radius on the right bank, and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone is to be set up on the right bank of the Rhine between the two, and a line drawn 10 kilometres distant starting from the Dutch frontier to the Swiss frontier. These movements are to be completed by Dec. 12.

Han Headquarters Removed.
The German headquarters of the Cologne district have been removed to Kloppenburg, in Oldenburg. The general headquarters of the Eighth German Army Corps have been removed from Coblenz to Osnabrück.

AT WILHELMSHAVEN.

Arrival of H.M.S. Hercules and Five Torpedo Boats.

It is reported from Wilhelmshaven that the British battleship Hercules with the Entente Commission on board and escorted by 5 torpedo-boats has arrived and anchored in Jade Bay.

KING AND HIS TROOPS.

Scenes of Great Enthusiasm.
The King, who is accompanied by the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert, is at present en route to his troops in France and Belgium. He has visited the scenes of their latest triumphs, and everywhere he was received with the greatest enthusiasm both by the troops and the inhabitants of the liberated villages and towns. The King was made an informal visit to the King of the Belgians walking about amongst the soldiers and civilians and chatting freely with them and being received with great cheering. The King will return to London on or about Wednesday next.

KING ALBERT IN PARIS.

A Magnificent Welcome.
Paris is now entertaining another of the Allied Sovereigns—King Albert of Belgium. The fighting Monarch had a great reception in the French capital, and a banquet in his honour was given at the Hotel Meurice, which Mr. Wilson had arranged the evening of Aug. 2, 1914, when Germany, who had guaranteed neutrality, summoned Belgium to give up the pass. During 4 years the King and Queen waited without flinching for justice to recompense the great act of courage and honesty of the Belgian people. The President paid tribute to the King, who had remained loyal in his country. The Queen faced the German fire and aided the wounded. Germany had multiplied intrigues, and then the day came when Belgian and Allied divisions, under the command of the King, carried positions considered to be impregnable. Belgium deserved well of the future, for she gave the war all its moral significance. Relieved from the hindrances of neutrality, Belgium would receive the help to which her prolonged anguish gave her the right, and she could count upon the eternal gratitude of France.

THE KING'S Reply.

King Albert, replying, said M. Poincaré's words would re-echo in every Belgian heart, and thanked him in the name of the Army and the country for the welcome he had given to France in the gigantic struggle. In the war France was in the first rank, and poured out her treasure of heroism and blood. He paid homage to M. Clemenceau and Marshal Foch,

who were the great artisans of the liberation of the world.

At Nurse Cavell's Grave. The King and Queen of the Belgians have been to the shooting-range ground where are buried the bodies of persons shot during the German occupation. The Queen laid a wreath on the grave of Miss Cavell.

H.M.S. CASSANDRA SUNK.

Mined in the Baltic: Eleven Men Killed.

The Secretary of the Admiralty makes the following announcement: H.M.S. Cassandra (Capt. E. C. Kennedy, R.N.) struck a mine on Dec. 4 and sank at 1 a.m., on Dec. 5. It had no damage, presumably killed by the explosion. All the remainder of the officers and crew were saved by our destroyers.

The Cassandra was a light cruiser of a new type built and commissioned since the war began. These vessels have been described as of about 6,000 tons displacement with a battery of six guns.

THE BRUTAL HUNS.

SERPENT'S HEAD TATTOOED ON SEAMAN'S CHEEKS.

"The People's" Arrow correspondent telegraphs that a sea-going fireman, named Burton Mayberry, of London, at present working in a Tyne shipyard, has been subjected to German brutality at sea. He states that his ship while on a voyage from Southampton to New York was torpedoed and the captain shot. Mayberry, after being taken aboard the submarine, was ordered to go on his knees and curse England. This he refused to do, and the submarine commander threatened to cut off his nose if he did not. He was compelled to drink his own blood, and thus he made an example to others. Mayberry was then "trussed up" and 2 German sailors tattooed 2 large serpent's heads on his face down to the shoulders, each design, in red and blue ink, being 9 in. long, and being done with an electric needle.

The German officers would have done it again, but the men of the crew would not. Mayberry and his companions were adrift in an open boat for 3 days without food.

S. AFRICA'S FUTURE.

ADVOCACY OF REPUBLICANISM BY NATIONALIST LEADER.

Mr. Bonar Law's speech demanding the extradition of the Kaiser from Holland has caused a great sensation in Berlin. The "Lokal Anzeiger" remarks that the German civil code provides against the extradition of the German citizens, and a Wilhelmsburg citizen criticises the Dutch Government must answer the demand of the Allies with a decided "No," if the German Government does not empower Holland to deliver him to the Allies. A revolutionary government cannot give Holland permission because the civil code is still in operation. Austrian papers are saying that they do not demand the extradition of the Sarajevo murderers, but merely a guarantee that they should be punished. Exchange.

THE KAISER'S FATE.

MR. BONAR LAW'S SPEECH CREATES SENSATION IN BERLIN.

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THE EX-KAISER'S GOLD.

The President of the Soldiers' Council at Hamburg declares that he has learned positively that 20 bags of minted gold have been despatched to Count Bentinck for the Kaiser.

EISNER TO SUCCEED SOLF.

The "Cologne Gazette" announces that the successor to Dr. Solf will probably be Kurt Eisner. Negotiations to that end are proceeding between Berlin and Munich.

VON BELOW DEAD.

A Zurich message to "The Petit Journal" says that Gen. von Below, one of the Army commandants on the Western Front, died. Below occupied the Lens-Cambrai sector.

PILLAGE IN POLAND.

A report from Hochmazda (Pozen) states that the soldiers and sailors there recently attempted to loot the shops. Street fighting ensued, and Polish soldiers had to intervene.

PILLAGE IN FRANCE.

Reports have been received from the Caucasus (says the "Vorwärts") to the effect that in evacuating the occupied territory in Trans-Caucasia the Turkish troops massacred further tens of thousands of Armenians. Slaughter on a big scale occurred at Baku, Oity, and Ardahan. In Baku alone some 30,000 Armenians are reported to have been killed, and in the towns to the west whole Armenian populations were exterminated. According to declarations of Tartars the latter received permission from the retiring Turks to plunder Armenian places for a period of 3 days.

PRES. WILSON'S ARRIVAL.

President Wilson has asked permission to delay his arrival in France by 24 hours. He will disembark at Brest on Dec. 13, and will arrive in Paris next Saturday.

BOLSHEVIK PLOT.

INTERNATIONAL WORLD REVOLUTION.

Copenhagen, Saturday.—The Stockholm "Dagblad" learns that examination of a Swedish steamer at present in a Finnish harbour has led to the seizure of a number of documents. These prove that preparations have been energetically commenced in order to cause an international world revolution, the centre of which is to be Stockholm.—Exchange.

HUN PROPAGANDA IN U.S.

Activities of Bernstorff and Dernburg.

The investigator of the Department of Justice, giving evidence before the U.S. Senate Committee investigating German propaganda, submitted telegrams exchanged between Count Bernstorff, of the Berlin Foreign Office, in 1916. One of Bernstorff's messages urged that the time was propitious to send to Berlin an American publicist employed by a prominent American newspaper publisher, and disclosed that the former was confidential agent of the German Embassy since the beginning of the war and was paid by the German Government to visit Romania, possibly to endeavour to prevent the entrance of Romania into the war. Bernstorff also declared him to be a suitable man to start the re-organisation of a news service after peace "on the right lines." Bernstorff said, however, that the publisher was not aware of the man's connection with the German Embassy and the Romanian Mission. The investigator also supplied a list of 36 names taken from the diary of a German agent, and said it contained practically all the prominent pro-Germans in the country prior to the entrance of the United States into the war. Most of them were educators and publishers, and many obviously of German origin. He tested the bona fides of the proposed agent in 1916 with the arrival of Herr Dernburg and Dr. Albert, who brought 150,000,000 dollars' worth of German securities, of which they succeeded in selling only 5,000,000 dollars' worth. The propagandists, he said, paid particular attention to the Irish in the United States.

PEACE CONFERENCE.

On Friday afternoon, Mr. J. H. Davis, secretary of the National Union of Railwaysmen, said:—"I am glad to announce that a settlement has been effected which, I consider, is satisfactory, and it is only fair to say it reflects credit upon the Government, and especially upon Sir Albert Stanley, for the prompt, fair, and generous desire evident to get over a real difficulty.

TERMS OF SETTLEMENT.

The terms of the settlement are embodied in the following agreement, signed at the Board of Trade:

I. The principle of an 8 hours' day for railwaymen and the wages staff has been conceded, and is to come into operation Feb. 1.

II. All existing conditions of service to remain unaltered pending the decision of a committee to be set up as soon as possible to review wages and other conditions of service of railwaymen in Great Britain. Separate negotiations were carried on by the Government with the executives of the N.U.R. and of the Locomotive Engineers and Firemen. The agreement arrived at embodies Ireland. The committee, which will be set up by both sides as soon as possible, will get to work immediately on the General Election.

PROMINENT INTERVIEWEE.

The position was on Friday morning regarded as so serious that Mr. Lloyd George came up specially to London and was engaged for some hours with Sir Albert Stanley. A Cabinet meeting was also held. Late in the afternoon Sir Albert Stanley and Mr. Thomas left for their constituencies.

Reward for Service.

Sir Albert Stanley, interviewed, said:—"These negotiations have been carried on in a very friendly spirit. This decision was warmly supported by the Prime Minister and myself, and it is in fulfilment of a pledge which I gave to the General Union in August, 1917, to the effect that sympathetic legislation would be given for the introduction of shorter working day for railwaymen at the earliest possible moment. I am very glad to have had the privilege of redeeming that pledge, and I hope and I am confident, too, that it will be recognised by the railwaymen as a whole as some reward for the magnificent service they have rendered during the war."

500,000 MEN BENEFITED.

The concession will benefit roughly half a million railway workers, over four-fifths of whom are members of the National Union of Railwaysmen. The remainder are members of the Locomotive Engineers and Firemen's Union and other unions. The railway clerks will not benefit, as they rank as salaried staff.

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USE OF EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES.

To bridge over the transition period the Government is providing the machinery of extended Employment Exchanges, of which a full free use should be made by both employers and employees. It is intended that the workers be entitled to free discharge warrants to their homes or to the place of new industry, and the unemployed should be given employment under stated conditions at the Employment Exchange. So far as can be seen at present, the machinery set up to provide for the transitory period between war and peace will prove sufficient if the workers who are being displaced, and the employers will maintain close touch with the placement exchanges.

REFORM PROGRAMME.

FOR A WEEK FOR MEN WHO USED TO WORK 300.

The national programme of the N.U.R., which was adopted at a special conference in Leicester 12 months ago, includes a demand for the conversion into permanent wages of all the advances gained from time to time during the war, together with a further increase of 10s. a week based on pre-war purchasing power. If this scheme were carried out, it has been pointed out, a man earning 30s. a week before the war would have his wages raised to £1. The programme also advocates that night shift shall consist of work done between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m., with 15 hours' rest and double-time rates for Sunday duty and overtime. Other items are: An 8-hour day; a four-night holiday per annum with pay; representation of the N.U.R. on the management of railways; a guaranteed day and a guaranteed week; a flat rate for each grade of workman, and the abolition of hybrid grades (such as porter-signaller, porter-signaller); and the abolition of such methods of payment as piecework, bonus, and mileage.

BEER IN "FIZZ" BOTTLES.

Through the fuming in bottles, wine supplies to customers are in many cases held up owing to the shortage.

Consumers are asked to change their habits.

Whisky, gin, and wine bottles are used for non-alcoholic drinks. Great efforts are being made to collect all empty bottles.

NEW BREAD FOR MEN.

The French Bureau claims that

fresh bread may be had between

Dec. 23 and Dec. 28, inclusive, in

England, Wales, and Ireland, and be-

tween Dec. 31 and Jan. 3 in Scotland.

PILAGE IN POLAND.

A report from Hochmazda (Pozen)

states that the soldiers and

sailors there recently attempted to

loot the shops. Street fighting ensued,

and Polish soldiers had to intervene.

LYCEUM.

NIGHTLY AT 7.30,

THE FEMALE HUN.

Entirely New Play.

By Walter Melville.

MATINEES WED., THURS., SAT., 2.30.

Vivid—Captivating—Realistic.

Daily Telegraph.

Three Halfpence

London, Sunday, December 8, 1918.

London, Sunday, December 8, 19

MAKE TAR SYRUP FOR COUGHS, COLDS & ASTHMA

A MONEY SAVING RECIPE.

WHAT is doubtless the best, cheapest, and most quick-acting cough remedy, which can be made at home in a few minutes by dissolving three ounces of pure bitrate of tar in hot water. You will need a portion of the concentrated bitrate of tar from any good agent, and it is only necessary to put this in a jug and then slowly add sufficient hot water to make up to half a pint, stirring well all the time. This should be taken hot, and if kept in a tightly-corked bottle it will keep good for months. The dose for adults is one to two teaspoonfuls every hour, or as often as a cough or cold children should take it as much. Thousands of people used this syrup last winter with wonderful results, and every now and then I get a letter asking to keep a bottle of Bitrate of Tar Cough Syrup at hand now that Influenza and various forms of chest and lung troubles are so prevalent. It is true that it is a simple syrup, but remember that it is the only thing that will immediately end those coughs and colds which so often lead to serious illnesses.

SOME PERILS OF VENEREAL DISEASE

This announcement is issued by the National Council for Combating Venereal Diseases, a responsible body recognised by the Government. President: Rt. Hon. Lord Sydenham. Vice-Presidents: The Right Hon. Sir Herbert Samuel, K.C.B., Bart., E.C.; T. O. M. L. Chairman of Propaganda; Sir Malcolm Morris, K.C.V.O.; P.R.C.E. General Secretary: Mrs. A. G. Gott, O.B.E.

QUACKERS AND THEIR VICTIMS.

Quackery cannot cure Venereal Disease. Quackery takes the money and leaves the disease. Patent medicines are patent folly. To trust to casual "mixtures" or "capsules" is to run the greatest risks. The patient goes on paying and the disease goes on getting worse. Pounds and pounds disappear, but the discharge remains.

The cure of Venereal Disease demands expert medical skill and personal attention. The National Council for Combating Venereal Diseases has provided free treatments, where everyone can go under conditions of secrecy. All sufferers from Venereal Disease, including those who have taken a risk even if no symptoms appear, should go immediately to a doctor or to the Outpatients' Department of the nearest Hospital.

Those who are in any doubt or difficult should apply for information and free literature to N.C.C.V.D., 51, Avenue Chambers, Southampton Row, London, W.C.1, marking your envelope "Medical."

RHEUMATISM AND ALL ACHEs AND PAINS

Quickly Relieved and Cured Free

10,000 packages of Antikamnia Tablets have been set aside for free distribution. If you send your name and address (a postcard will do) asking for samples and particulars, to Antikamnia (Dept. A.54), 46, Holborn Viaduct, London, E.C., you will receive one of these presentation packages, with interesting booklet, absolutely free.

Antikamnia Tablets are safe, sure, and speedy. As Dr. Robbins says, they are invaluable to give quick relief in all cases of Rheumatism, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Sciatica, and Gout. They are especially useful for women.

Prescribed by doctors throughout the world, but only just offered to the public.

Don't forget the package is yours for the asking, but send to-day to address given above.—[Advt.]

MEN'S SUITS.

Would you like on Easy Terms a better Suit than any other Tailor can make you at the price? Then send a postcard (not a telegraph) to Catesby's, Ltd., 10, Tottenham Court Road, London, W.1, asking for Suit Set No. 3, and we'll send you a pattern of our British Patterns. Back of Styles, and Measure-yourself form. If you're not pleased with the Suit we guarantee your money back without delay or demur. 2/- in the £ discount for cash. Write before the best patterns are sold out and ask for Set No. 3.

CATESBYS, Ltd.,
Tottenham Court Road, London, W.1.

GREAT SALE OF NEW ARMY BOOTS

THESE are no better boots than NEW Army boots. Strong, sound, and well-made, they are specially designed to stand the hardest wear, and are made of the finest leather in their construction.

We have a Large Stock of these excellent Boots, in sizes from 6 to 12.

NEW BOOTS AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

No. 5—Farm & Land Workers Boots, hand-sewn, tips and toe plates, watertight bellows tongue, stout uppers. Price per pair 18/-

No. 2—Army Rejackets, absolutely new, made of Government leather throughout worth 45/-

Our price per pair 25/-

No. 4—Special Line, Dark Russian Boots, made in America for the Russian Army, very best calf uppers with watertight bellows tongues. Equal to the very best Shooting Boots. Worn 50/-

Our price per pair 27 1/2

Every pair guaranteed and sent on approval. Money returned if not satisfied.

Send today P.O. No. of Post, together with 1/- extra for postage. State size.

C. LEWIS (Dept. 26), Wholesale Boot Factor,
77, Stoke Newington Rd., London, N.

BOOK AT ONCE; REGISTER NOW

WIVES and SWEETHEARTS and other Relations of Overseas Armies Men going to Canada and Australia should Book at Once. Available ships leaving Liverpool daily sailing. Numerous Agents and Agencies abroad and in America. Register now for future callings. First come, first served. The Canadian and Australian Armies have issued special passages for women. The Salvation Army word wide organises.

COMMISSIONER LATH.

122, QUEEN VICTORIA STREET, LONDON, E.C.

"THE PEOPLE" SERVICE PAGE: Army, Navy, and Pension Notes.

NAVY NOTES: CLAIM OF DOCKYARD AND C.S. PENSIONERS TO HIGHER GRANTS.

More About Lieutenancies from the Lower Deck: Reflections on the Great Surrender.

Pensions Again.

The few contemptuous remarks which are reported as failing from Admiral Beatty when addressing his men recently, but very mildly, express a feeling of class but in different combinations, are moving in an endeavour to induce the Admiralty to increase the grant to the fleet with respect to the surrender of the specified vessels of the late German Fleet. He said that "It was a pitiful sight." In fact, he said, "It was a pitiful sight" to see these great ships following a light cruiser, and being shepherded by the Grand Fleet. We expected them to have the courage that we look for in the Royal Navy, but they did not. The admirals, we expected them to do some things for the honour of their country; and I am sure that the sides of this old ship, as I have seen her, have not done what we intended for them. But I will say this, that their honouring has been beneath contempt. Six years ago there was the sure end, and the proper end, of the war, and the proper end, and the lack of valour. As far as his strategy, his tactics, and his behaviour has been beneath contempt. Six years ago there was the sure end, and the proper end, of the war, and the proper end, and the lack of valour.

As far as his strategy, his tactics, and his behaviour has been beneath contempt. Six years ago there was the sure end, and the proper end, of the war, and the proper end, and the lack of valour.

They imagine they can break or bend them.

PENSIONS BUREAU.

Free Advice for all ex-Service Men and Their Dependents.

"The People" is the recognised paper for obtaining free and reliable advice on the following matters:

PENSIONS **GRATUITIES** **EMPLOYMENT**

Questions relating to the above and kindred matters must be addressed as follows:

INQUIRY BUREAU, "THE PEOPLE,"

MILFORD HANLEY ROAD, W.

A copy of this page must be sent with each inquiry and a stamped envelope.

Answers will be forwarded direct by

air mail to the addressee.

For further information see "Answers to Correspondence" in

the "Comrades of the Great War."

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AFTER EFFECTS OF INFLUENZA.

Restoring and Rebuilding Health and Strength.

A WELL-KNOWN specialist points out that although the term "influenza" suggests high fever and delirium, it has left in its wake many cases of nervousness, debility, prostration and general weakness, which require careful treatment if more serious consequences are to be avoided. Much harm can easily be done by the excessive use of alcohol, stimulants as well as by taking so-called tonics composed of harmful drugs. Temporary relief may be obtained, followed by depression and still greater weakness. Influenza robs the sufferer of nervous energy; it saps vitality and weakens every organ of the body. Every effort must be made to restore those lost nervous and physical strength the sooner the better.

FATE OF THE HOHENZOLLERNS.

ALLIES TO DEMAND SURRENDER AND TRIAL OF KAISER AND CROWN PRINCE.

The Imperial War Cabinet, including the Colonial representatives, has unanimously decided to press Holland for the extradition of the ex-Kaiser and the Crown Prince, with a view to their trial for breaches of the international law during the war and unanimity was also reached at the Allied Conference in London on this point.

It is also stated that Germany will also demand the extradition of the ex-Kaiser, in order to try him and all others responsible for the outbreak of the war.

EX-KAISER WANTED.

Allies and Germany Anxious to Punish the Guilty.

The Allies are going to demand from Holland the extradition of the ex-Kaiser and the Crown Prince, in order to bring them to trial on a charge of breaking the international law. Germany wants, and the statesmen who were their abettors, to punish them for plunging the world into war, while those Hun's guilty of the deportations in Belgium, the destruction of the factories there, and for the trial and execution of Miss Edith Cavell, must also be tried for the penalty of their crimes. The Allies are determined to bring the Hun's after effects of influenza, the body is fortified and protected against future attacks of

NEW DISCOVERY CURES SKIN DISEASE.

Positively Removes Every Trace of Eczema, Psoriasis, and Herpes Bad Leg.

HAS NEVER FAILED YET.

SEND FOR FREE SAMPLE "TO-DAY."

I AM NOT TO BLAME.

Crown Prince Says He Was Opposed to War.

These are strong claims, but they are backed by hundreds of grateful letters from all quarters. This great new discovery is curing every form of skin disease. It will cure you forever. Your complaint has tortured you.

Send a card bearing your name and full address, and a free trial sample sufficient to do you good—will reach you by return of post. You will get rid of your trouble once and for all for this Treatment cures permanently.

Write to-day. There is nothing to pay. Test this remarkable remedy at once. Write to the actual discoverer, Mr. Arthur Thornton (Dent, F.S.A.), High Holborn, London, W.C.1.—[Advt.]

Verdun.

DEAFNESS CAN BE CURED.

If you are deaf you need remain deaf no longer. Why? Because a great discovery has been made by which all persons suffering from Deafness and Noises in the Head may be absolutely and permanently cured. This marvellous treatment is so simple, natural, and certain in its results that you will wonder why you have not used it before. All you have to do is to follow its results. If you suffer from Deafness, Noises, or Catarrh write now at once for full particulars of this wonderful Cure, which will be sent post free.—Write H. Clifton, 2, Mirror House, 13, Broad-street-hill, London, E.C.4.—[Advt.]

HUNS' QUARRELS.

RUPPRECHT'S RUPTURE WITH LUDENDORFF.

Some revelations concerning the attitude of the Bavarian ex-Crown Prince Rupprecht during the war are published in the "Bayerischer Kurier." After the second battle of the Somme in 1916, says the article, the Crown Prince gave permission to a push for victory, but without result.

At the opening of the present year he again thought the moment was favourable for peace, with the same result. In February (March) of this year, the Crown Prince came into sharp conflict with Ludendorff. Rupprecht with favourable prospects of a break-through on the enemy front when Ludendorff suddenly ordered the offensive to stop. Ludendorff then upon ordered the army of the German Crown Prince to attack. The reason why he did so is not known, and the result was, conflict of a marked degree between Rupprecht and Ludendorff, and the relationship between them since then was completely severed. During the last days of the war Rupprecht learned of a terrible invention which had been made by a German engineer. A new type of bomb had been made, and the plan was that German airmen should drop several thousands of these on Paris, and that a quarter of the French capital should be set on fire and destroyed. Rupprecht at once protested vigorously to the Chancellor, with the result that Von Hintze went to Ludendorff and prevented the use of the new type at The Hague.



COUNSEL (John Bull) to JUSTICE: The guilt of that man in the dock and his nation for causing the war, and the crimes arising out of its prosecution, has been proved beyond doubt. I demand, on behalf of the Allies, that he shall be made to pay the penalty.

JUSTICE: Judgment for plaintiffs, with full costs.

At the Allied Conference in London it was decided to demand the surrender of his crimes, and also it was determined

that Germany should be required to hold. Less and less does he feel inclined to go about." Holland's most famous chef has been called to minister to the ex-Kaiser's tastes in the way of food.

BERLIN INTERVENES.

A telegram from Berlin states that a delegation from the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council in Berlin has arrived at The Hague to take control of the negotiations between the ex-Kaiser and the German Legation at The Hague.

WILLIE'S BILLIARDS.

SOMETIMES CHEATS IN THE SCORE.

The German ex-Crown Prince, according to an Amsterdam message to the "Echo de Paris" (quoted by the Exchange) is being reproached by the population of the Dutch island of Wieringen for his straightforward honesty. He is said to be continually playing billiards with the landlord of a cafe and his potman, but he is a poor player (adds the wire) and takes defeat badly, while he sometimes cheats in the score.

KING OF MONTENEGRO.

REPORTED TO BE DEPOSED BY HIS PARLIAMENT.

According to a Prague telegram, the King of Montenegro, Prince Danilo, leaves from Podgoritzia, that on Nov. 29 the Montenegrin Skupstina decided to depose King Nicholas and his House, and to unite Montenegro with Serbia and King Peter.

The King of Montenegro denies the above report—which is probably true—saying that if a reunion took place it was held under bayonets, and expressing confidence the Montenegrins will make no statement whatever for publication. You must fully realize my position. I, also, must be loyal to the present German Government. I cannot make a declaration which might compromise others." It was represented to me that this decision was final and irrevocable. The world, therefore, has lost an interesting de-

claration.

INSURANCE AGAINST HUN CRIME.

An action by the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co. at New York against Mr. Isaac Ring, the young airman V.C., has died of wounds. He fought 8 enemy triplanes, bringing down 3, and when his machine was set on fire he stood on the wing and piloted it safely to the ground. Though himself wounded in 5 places, he dragged his wounded observer to safety.

It was for this that Lieut. McLeod was awarded the V.C. last May. He was then about 18, and had not long arrived in France, his home being in Canada.

Afterwards he added:—

I tried to steal some rings, but she turned round and caught me, so I hit her with the stick. When I saw blood I must have gone mad, and I bit her several times.

A LETTER IN CYPHER.

For carrying a letter in cypher, which he said he received from "the tall, thin man in a New York saloon" for posting in England, Martin Walsh, bosun's mate of the Cedric, was sentenced at Liverpool to three months.

Don't Look Old—Darken the grey streaks with Liniment. Send to us with a few lines and we will paint a natural colour in a few days. Post free. 1/9. Bedford Laboratory, London, S.E.1.—[Advt.]

Canadian Boot Co., 2740, Amhurst Rd., London, N.W.16.

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Cures without painful operations, lancing or cutting, in all cases of Ulcers, Abscesses, Wartwells, Bolls, Fatty or Cystic Tumours, Piles, Fistula, Polyps, Polypous, Wounds and all forms of Ulcers, Ulcerated Ulcers, &c. Every pair thoroughly repaired, good for 10 years. Contains two parts of ordinary Boots at double the cost.

Our Price.

9/6, 12/6, 15/6.

CANADIAN BROWN,

14/6,

17/6, 21/-

Every Pair Guaranteed.



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ALLIES' ENTRY INTO GERMANY.

HUNS WATCH THEM PASS IN DEATH-LIKE SILENCE.

The Allied Armies are now advancing steadily into Germany along the following order from north to south: Belgians, British, Americans, French. The total strength of the Allied forces may be roughly estimated from the fact that the American armies of occupation alone will number 1,250,000 men. Our troops are moving on a front of about 20 miles, north of the Eifel tableland, towards Cologne and Bonn, to which they are now very close. The most important places on the bridgehead of the Rhine which will garrison are Cologne, the cathedral city, fortresses, and capital of the Rhine area; Bonn; and Solingen, where steel is counterfeited. The Americans have passed Treves, famous for its Roman remains, and are marching down the Moselle valley towards Coblenz. The French have already occupied Alsace-Lorraine and will advance to Metz, 70 miles from the Alsatian frontier. In the bridgehead which will be held by them fall the waterings places of Wiesbaden and Homburg, the greater part of Frankfort, and Darmstadt, the capital of Hesse.

FRENCH OCCUPATION.

GENERAL'S FINE PROCLAMATIONS.

The Paris newspapers publish the following 2 proclamations issued by Gen. Gerard at the moment of the French troops' entry into the Palatinate. The first, which is addressed to the troops, says—

To the men of the army! The fury of the barbary you will oppose the arm and wise equity of our liberating race. To a people bowed down by a century-old tyranny, you will show what a free nation, conscious of its mission, can do for it. Your stands for. You soldiers will not assail either the security of the person or property.

To the People.

The second proclamation, which is addressed to the people of the occupied territory, says—

A large spirit of tolerance and equity will preside over the occupation, protection, and support of the people, and strictly observe the regulations. France, respectful of the liberty of others, pursues unremittedly in victory her ideal of right by the conquest of the soul and the heart.

YANKS IN TREVES.

HUNS WATCH BRITISH PASS.

Several newspaper correspondents who have visited Spa, where the Armistice Commission is sitting, state that the house formerly occupied by the Kaiser has been taken by Gen. Nudant, that Gen. Haig is staying at the former residence of Gen. Ludendorff, and that Sir Douglas Haig is living in the house which was also occupied by the use of German Chancellors. A number of the German delegates appeared at the windows of their hotel in order to watch a division of British cavalry go by on its march towards the Rhine. "They stiffened suddenly," says one correspondent, describing their behaviour on this occasion, "and looked as if they had tasted a dose of bitter medicine." A shudder went through them, and they were affected by the spectacle that it seemed as if he was going to have an apoplectic fit. Several of the officers were seen to shake their fists with the fury of despair." The Third American Army on Sunday occupied about 400 square miles of German territory and several scores of towns. The Fifth Division occupied the city of Trier (the Gor-

LARRY LYNX'S NOTES.

Special Notes by "Larry Lynx" and other Sporting News will be found on page 9.

man name for Treves), Cameron MacKenzie, in the "Daily Chronicle," says Treves was engulfed in a stillness almost of the grave during the entry of the Americans, although crowds lined the streets. For hour after hour the only sound to break the deathly silence of that city of 50,000 people was the remorseless, soft, tramp-tramp of the marching thousands, which, less than a year ago, the Kaiser had sworn to the Rhineland States never could and never would arrive from overseas. One element, though, must not be overlooked in the unnatural quietness of Treves as an allied army of occupation marched in. The city was heavily policed, and that, too, despite the fact that within the week the entire police force had left the place. The safeguarding of order to-day was in the hands of 500 disbanded soldiers who had volunteered for the work and were acting under the local Soviet. What more strange phenomena of a collapsed empire than that those who had been its soldiers should, of their own volition, make safe the entrance of its conquering enemies! And yet such was the case; however, I do not think that there were even the general trouble in Treves to-day, for in the eyes of the people thronging the pavements there was that curious, dull, hopeless look, which bespeaks a desire for nothing save peace. That look did not come from underfeeding. There is ample food in Treves. No, most indubitably the look that was in the eyes of the people to-day was not of hunger; it was the look of disillusionment and defeat.

BRITISH IN LIEGE.

A Great Little Irish Girl.

Hundreds of British prisoners have also found their way to Liege, and have been lucky in their holding-place, says Philip Gibbs. For a group of gentlemen of the city, with 2 English ladies—Miss O'Brien and Miss Warren—were waiting for them, and had already, with fine rapidity, organised a club to help them in every possible way. These people, of course, had founded a society called the Private Club, the object of which was to learn English, so that they might be ready to welcome our men on the day of liberation. The 2 "English misses," as they call them, were their professors, and these members of the club studied English grammar, held debates, and learned to play English, and learned so well that when I met them 2 days ago they could all speak English fluently and correctly. As soon as the Germans departed from Liege the club became a receiving-house for British prisoners. Pos-

KING'S CROSS MURDER.

DRAMATIC EVIDENCE AT RESUMED INQUEST.

There were several dramatic developments when the inquest was resumed at St. Pancras on Miss Esther Bowen (84), a lodging-house proprietress, who was found suffocated at Aylestree, King's Cross.—Mrs. Claude Carter, said that she found the woman lying dead in her room about 7.15 on Nov. 7. The hands were unclenched, her head bent, something had died over her mouth. She was frightened, and Bray and Clausen both told her not to say anything about it. That was the only reason she did not at once inform the police. Afterwards all 3 of them went into Bray's room, and Bray went straight and washed his hands. Bray said: "This has made me feel bad. I am going out to have 2 or 3 drinks." Witness and Clausen then retired to

the room of a British prisoner who was registered at St. Pancras on Miss Esther Bowen (84), a lodging-house proprietor. Mrs. O'Brien—a great little Irish girl, standing 5 ft. high under her red-gold hair, with as gallant a spirit as a boy aviator—went about Liege with armaments to act as guides. As soon as a British prisoner was registered he was given a bath—and they all had a bath before they started food—then he was provided with a good meal, and after that he was found a home with some Belgian family in Liege. He was also provided with pocket money, as the members of the club, with really noble generosity, changed German camp tickets—paper worthless outside their prison camps—into Belgian money, so furnishing a home sum which must be repaid to the British Government as a debt of honour.

Irish Girl's Heroism.

Another lady of Liege placed her house at the service of our prisoners as a soldiers' home, and I went to see them there, and found them playing cards and dominoes and singing "Tipperary" and any old song, whilst the great little Irish girl played cards and sang to us to soothe these men and women who have done so much so delicately and so generously for our boys. I am also glad to have met Miss Breuer, who gave her house for the Soldiers' Club, and risked her life as Miss Cavell did, and with a gaiety hiding her passionate purpose which disarmed even the enemy, so that when they had put her in prison for 3 months, and when she stood before her judge—her friends never could not believe that so gay and laughing a girl, who turned everything to ridicule and made light of her captivity, could be guilty of the charge of espionage which they had brought against her.

A Reign of Terror.

"Stone walls do not a prison make, nor iron bars a cage; but in that spirit this lady of Liege smiled at her guards and broke her bonds. In that spirit Margaret Winifred O'Brien, abandoned in Liege by the lady to whom she had been companion when the war broke out, knowing no French when she hid in a cellar during the bombardment, and would have given her hand to know what people were saying, forthwith wrote enough French to give lessons in English. From her red-gold hair and Irish eyes, German officers desired her friendship, and she suffered many insults and was very much afraid, so that once in some dreadful hours she almost died of fear, but always outwardly showed a brave, laughing face, to whom inaudible words answered with Irish audacity which made the more gentle. The stories of girls living in a reign of terror—for to girlhood it was really that—resisting devilish temptations and taking great risks with fine courage not easy week after week and year after year! De Maupassant wrote such stories about another war which did not last so long.

CHRISTMAS NUMBERS.

"Truth" Christmas Number is a very old and tried favourite, always coming to the side of amiable politicos and topical skits. The literary side is maintained with unusual excellence, and the illustrations are telling. "The Sultan of Bagdad and other Gems" will be relished by politicians in lighter mood, the doings of Aladdin and the Grand Vizier being more serious. The satirisation in "Papa Baba and the 400 Thieves" is admirable.

Brazen Statements.

Det.-sgt. Stephens stated that when questioned on Nov. 12 Bray declined to give any account of his movements the previous Thursday night, and at Hunterst. Police Station said: "I know nothing about Miss Bowen."

I will tell you the truth. I admit a chap named Miles and I attempted to rob Miss Bowen back in the summer. Miles was then living at 6 Argyle-street, and we took all the silver and gold we could find in her house. She said she had been robbed of 3s. 6d. by a man. In the front room she was a wooden box from the bookcase and remarked: "He's not got this. There is between £20 and £30 in the box." The box contained a large quantity of silver.

Starving and Blind.

They were emaciated, and could scarcely walk; their clothing was in rags; most of them could not walk without assistance; they were blindfolded, bound to our hospital by mistake, but a meal was given them, and they were then sent on. They had never received any parcels, and their condition was deplorable. . . . They were blind and only able to stagger along.

A witness from Heilsburg, in East Prussia, told the committee of arrivals at the camp there:—

In one train we counted 140, and the second train we had the same number.

They were starved, naked, and were taken into the hospital. Many could hardly walk, some were on crutches, and many hobbled with sticks. They were given bread, but they had not been able to eat it, and they had to stand in the tubs in which the potato peelings and other refuse were placed. They ate the contents of the tub like starving men. Their clothing was torn and tattered, and they were wearing tops with wooden soles or clogs. They said they had had no proper food, no medical treatment, and could hardly ever get a wash. This did not stop their faces and their hands from being dirty, and they had to stand in their clothes.

Take Your Revenge.

A description of the camp at Trelon by a British prisoner taken on the Western front and sent disabled to German Poland states:—

This place is a proper place of torture, supposed to be a hospital for our boys.

It is a prison for us, and we are working behind the line. Scores were coming in daily, 55 dying in 3 days with dysentery. There was only 3 doctor. Men were sleeping in places supposed to hold 400, but sometimes like 1,000 were there. Cap. Niemeier, Commandant of the Clausthal Camp, harangued the guard and heard them out that my old man has done it?" she asked my witness replied "Non-sense." On the following Tuesday Mrs. Clausen told witness that the police had arrested Bray, and added: "I am very much relieved that they have got the man who did it. It has taken a great load off my mind."

I am a Prisoner of War.

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